

Appleton Crescent.



We join ourselves to no party that does not carry the flag and keep step to the music of the Union.

CITY OF APPLETON.

Saturday, - - - - - October 13, 1860.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS:

For President,

STEPHEN A. DUGLAS,

of Illinois.

For Vice President,

HERSCHEL V. JOHNSON,

of Georgia.

For Presidential Electors,

EDWARD C. HAN, of Milwaukee,

JAMES C. HAN, of Lafayette,

JAMES C. FAIRCHILD, of Dane,

EMIL EOTH, of Jefferson,

FRANKLIN PETERSON, of Dodge.

For Congress—Third District,

CHARLES H. LARABEE.

More Professions of Republican Faith

toward the Foreign Born.

Last week we gave the speech of the Hon. JOHN M. WILSON, a Lincoln candidate for Congress in Indiana, denouncing the Foreign Born in unmeasured terms. The only defense attempted by the "Republicans" has been that they ought not to be held responsible for the statements of one man. Just so they talked in '56 when they went in and nominated John C. Fremont, who was already before the people as a Know Nothing candidate, and who received the support of every Know Nothing Lodge in Wisconsin.

We have a few more professions of Republican Faith toward the Foreign Born to present to our readers, so that they may judge whether we err in charging home upon Shanghaiism that it is utterly and naturally hostile to the Foreign Born.

In Michigan, last winter, the Shanghai majority labored hard and often to get a two-thirds vote to amend the Constitution so as still further to restrict the Right of Suffrage to the Foreign Born, and extend it to the Negroes. Michigan admits Wisconsin and is a rabid Shanghai State in all its departments. Massachusetts allows a Negro to vote on a year's residence, while the Foreign Born Citizen cannot vote until two years after he is admitted to Citizenship—seven years! In Connecticut, a foreigner cannot vote unless he can read the Constitution. In Maine, they will not allow their State Courts to naturalize a foreigner. He must trudge off to the U. S. Court at the Capital of the State! These are all Shanghai States of course. In New York they are laboring now to extend the right of Suffrage to every Negro who has lived there one year; but not a Shanghai in the State will vote to give the Foreign Born an equal right.

So much for State action. Now let us come still nearer home, to Illinois the residence of "Honest old Abe," the "Rail Splitter."

In alluding to the monster torch light procession that turned out to welcome Douglas to Chicago, and which was estimated to contain 3,000 Americans, 2,000 Irish, 2,000 Germans, and some 1,500 divided among the Welsh, Scotch, Belgians, Norwegians, etc.

The Chicago Press & Tribune, the leading Shanghai paper in the whole North-West, says:

"TAKEN ALTOGETHER THE SQUATTERS RECEPTION LAST EVENING FELL BELOW WHAT HAD BEEN PROMISED, BUT FURNISHED AN INSTANCE OF WHAT A FEW WIRE PULLED CAN DO WITH A FEW HUNDRED VOTING CATTLE WHO ARE CONTENTED TO VOTE EITHER IN BRIDGEPORT OR IN SOME ADJOINING COUNTY, SO THAT 'EXPENSES' ARE PAID AND WHISKY FREE."

"Voting Cattle!" That is the sentiment of a paper which is laboring harder to elect Lincoln than all the Railing papers in Wisconsin put together. That is the sentiment of an original Lincoln paper; one in favor of his nomination in preference to any other man, and, therefore, (as we have good reason to suppose,) a faithful indicator of Old Abe's views.

But there is more "Republicanism": At a Republican Convention recently held in Putnam County, Ill., one Elijah W. Green, of Columbus Grove, delivered himself in the following manner:

"Mr. Chairman:—It is claimed by some here to-day that it is not policy to nominate a full ticket on account of the Dutch. Some suppose that we should not nominate a man against Rothman. I say, Mr. President, we don't want to favor the Dutch. We don't want to borrow any Dutch votes nor trade them for any white ticket, let them do as they please. We have white votes enough and can do without them. Neither do we want the Irish Catholic in our party. We have white men in our party and don't want the Irish and Dutch. Some tell us not to oppose Rothman because he is a Dutchman. We in Pleasant township will oppose him for that very reason."

Again: one T. J. Pickett, editor of the Republican paper at Rock Island, Ill., and Republican candidate from that Senatorial district, says:

"Suppose I were to tell you I despise the Pope and hate the priests, and DEFEAT THE IRISH CATHOLIC VOTING CATTLE, who swarm around our polls at election time!

"The Democrats depend on the faithfulness and ignorance of THEIR IRISH CATTLE ALLIES."

"We expect nothing from the Catholic element in the next election."

"All that was worth having of New York Americanism (Know-nothingism) joined the Republicans weeks ago."

The co-laborer of this Mr. Pickett, a Mr.

R. W. Smith, also a Republican candidate from Rock Island County, delivered himself recently thus:

"I hope to be eternally God damned if I ever vote for a Catholic for any office. I will kick any Irish Dutch Catholic who votes for me."

I haven't prayed for a good many years, but I prayed two hours on my knees, that John Brown might be taken to the bosom of Abraham."

If God Almighty suffers Abraham Lincoln to be defeated in this election I will never vote again."

It would be a damned sight better for the Dutch and Irish if they were all in slavery."

We dislike to pollute our columns with the profanity and obscenity of the Opposition; but they are asserting every day that their party is so friendly to the Foreign Born that we must give the sentiments of the Party leaders to disprove the tale, and allow the people to learn the facts in the case.

Can any Foreign Born Citizen, or any advocate of Equal Rights, endorse such sentiments, or uphold such political action? If they desire to do so, let them by all means vote for old Abe, and the whole Shanghai ticket; if not, they must vote for Douglas and Democracy.

George Gary, of Oshkosh, made an amusing blunder in his harangue to the Great Mass Republican Gathering in this city on Tuesday last; the same blunder made by the Oshkosh Northwestern, and to which we called attention after it was repeated for many weeks. He read the following as a part of the Democratic Platform, viz:

Resolved, That the Democratic Party will abide by the decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States on all questions of Constitutional law."

Now, we suppose, George honestly thinks that Resolved is a part of the Democratic Platform. And perhaps if we dispel the illusion he will feel as big as he did when Geo. B. SEXTON replied to George's declaration that the Democrats "whitewashed" Gov. Hancock's expenditure of the Contingent Fund by producing the record which showed that George himself, as an Assemblyman, voted for the so-called "Whitewashing Report"!!! We have no fault to find with the "Resolved." It is sound doctrine, legally or politically; and yet it is due to history to state that neither that resolution nor its preamble were adopted either at Charleston or Baltimore! Inasmuch as both George and the Northwestern might dispute the official record of the proceedings of the Democratic National Convention, we will refer him to Greeley's Political Text Book, (not very reliable authority as we have already found out) but appeal to oftener than the Bible in most Shanghai circles. See Page 33 of the volume which records Isaac P. WALKER as offering a Resolution in the U. S. Senate in 1843, three years before Wisconsin became a State!

Our friend George "arraigned" Stephen A. Douglas and CHARLES H. LARABEE for alleged political misdeeds of great consequence. George evidently thought he was officiating as Clerk of the Court in old Winnebago, and forgot that they were out of his jurisdiction!!!

Isn't it about time for the Shanghai Press to invent a new lie about Larabee? The one that he said at Menasha that he voted for a Know Nothing for Speaker, and that twenty-five Irishmen thereupon left the room declaring that they had no business there, is worn out. Its very absurdity rendered it a poor falsehood for circulation. Now we expect a renegade like DOOLITTLE, who left the Democracy a few days before the election of 1856, having for more than two years failed to express a word of dissatisfaction with the course of DOUGLAS on the Repeal of the Missouri Compromise, or the assertion of the doctrine that the People of the Territories had a right to make their own laws and regulate their own concerns as well as the people of the States; we say we expect a renegade like DOOLITTLE, who is misrepresenting political history by garbling his speeches with garbled extracts to sustain his theory of a strong central government at Washington, to lie outright occasionally and represent that LARABEE did vote for a Know Nothing for Speaker. But very many "Republican" papers have a higher regard, and a better reputation for truth than the "Glorious Mounting Bird," and we hope to see them accord to Judge LARABEE fairness and equity in this matter, and thus avoid sinking to the demagogue level of Judge DOOLITTLE.

"The Wounded Birds Flutter!"—Last week, we alluded in condemnatory language to the "Republican" practice of parents whipping little children for harranging for Douglas. At the time, we had heard of but one such instance, and for that was indebted to the loquacity of a "Wide Awake" who boasted of the achievement. Two or three Shanghaiers promptly stopped their paper, for the reason, as we hear, that they considered the remark a personal reflection upon them! We suppose if we should condemn the practice of a Shanghai horse whipping his grown up daughter, or of one refusing to buy medicine or hire attendance for a sick wife, or of any one stealing from his minister as well as the people generally, or of one swearing falsely about his neighbor, or of one altering a note of hand, the crowd of indignants would be very large! So we won't say anything about it!

Gen. Tim Horn Smith, of The Manitowish Tribune made a Shanghai speech in Calumet County last week, in the course of which he said that the Douglas Party is composed of unnaturalized foreigners and three-cord whiskey! He merely spoke what nine-tenths of the Shanghai believe. Here they call them "wooden shoes," "ignorant Dutchmen," "low Irish," &c., &c.

An ear of corn raised by C. D. Fox, of Roscoe, has been shown to the Beloit Journal, having on it eleven hundred kernels, some of the kernels measuring nearly three-quarters of an inch in length.

Booth Captured.

Taken at Berlin, after a Coddling Wide Awake Meeting, from the company of Miss Wheeler, the Lincolnite Lecturer at Appleton last week, and another Shanghai Lady!—He is now under lock and key in Milwaukee!—Ripon Free Loveites in a terrible rage!

Booth, the infamous leader of the Republican party of Wisconsin, was arrested in Berlin on Monday night, just after the adjournment of Coddling's Wide Awake Speech, by C. R. TAYLOR, Deputy U. S. Marshal, and E. M. RANDALL, a Green Lake County Farmer. He had two ladies on his arm, who screamed, "Don't you touch him! Look out for he is armed, and is a brave man, and carries dangerous weapons!" Booth shouted for help. Taylor pulled his hand over his mouth, and told him to shut up or he would smash his head. Booth tried to get out his revolver and bowie knife, but Taylor and Randall were too much for him. They hurried him off to a buggy, drove to the R. R. Depot, the cars being just ready to start, and as he refused to walk, dragged him to the sleeping car, piled him in, the cars moved off, and next morning those two men had Mr. Booth under lock and key in the Custom House at Milwaukee!

When the Free Loveite Shanghai at Ripon found out that Booth had been conveyed there, they were exceeding wrath; threaten to tear up the Railroad for conveying a passenger whose fare was paid by the United States—to organize an army to hang and drown the Government Officers for enforcing the criminal laws of the land—to set up an independent government at Ripon—and to raise thunder generally.

We hope a score of those rascals will be also locked up, for aiding and abetting Booth, before they are a year older. Let the laws be enforced!

Carl Schurz is very indignant because, as he says, Judge Douglas hates England. Think heaven for that! Where there is a true, noble, patriotic heart which does not hate the English Government—a government which visited upon Ireland a ten times worse slavery than has ever been felt in those States where Negro Servitude exhibits its worst forms? Where is the free man who does not loathe and abhor England for her despotism in India?—for her villainous intervention in China?—for her meddlesome disposition in the South American Republics? Judge Douglas hates England does he? Then we love and honor him the more.

Murrah for Douglas!

LINCOLN'S IDEA OF JEFFERSON.—Abraham Lincoln, familiarly known as "Old Abe," the rail splitter, in a speech delivered in 1854, spoke of Thomas Jefferson as follows:

"Continually pulling about liberty, equality and the degrading curse of slavery, Jefferson brought his own children to the hammer, and made money of his debaucheries."

Doolittle and like political adventurers hold up "Honest Old Abe" as a model Jeffersonian! Out upon the hypocrites.

Lincoln was in Congress two years. Did he ever propose a bill or vote for a Homestead Law? The record saith NO! The record also saith that Hamilton voted against the Homestead bill which passed at the last session of Congress. Now, Shanghaiism arrogates to itself the false pretence that it is the sole advocate of that Measure, in the face of the fact that it was originated by ANDREW JOHNSON, of Tennessee, ever a Democrat, and always sustained by STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS. Out upon the hypocrites!

JAMES H. HOWE addressed the People in the Park on Tuesday afternoon in a short speech. By actual count, 482 persons men, women and children—were then present, about 250 of them voters, of whom a fair sprinkling were Democrats. Of course, James had to apologize for being late. Green Bay folks are not early risers, as everybody ought to know.

We are authorized to state that Mr. HOBART declines being a candidate, for any office, against any regular nominee of the Democratic party.—Chilton Times.

This statement was unnecessary. No friend of Mr. HOBART ever reported to the contrary.

GABRIEL BOUCK.—The Democracy were disappointed because they could not hear Mr. BOUCK on Tuesday, and are determined that he must speak here before election.—He is a great favorite with the People of Outagamie.

A NICE PARTY.—Mrs. Bond, the strong minded woman; Martyr Booth, the free lover; Prof. Daniels, the liberator; A. B. Jackson, the abolition lecturer; and A. B. Jackson, the abolition lecturer, are stamping the third district for "dear brother" Sloan. If that is not a party to make a man sick of politics, we don't know where you could select one this side of Utah.—Milwaukee Press.

The population of Wisconsin will exceed 800,000—a gain of 500,000 on the Census of 1850. If as is generally supposed, the new ratio of representation is fixed at 120,000, Wisconsin will have seven Members of the House of Representatives under the new apportionment.

The statistics of the cotton crop for 1860 present the enormous production of 1,675,770 bales, which is fully fifty per cent. above the crop two years ago. It is computed that five-sixths of that increase has been taken by England—one-eighth by the continent of Europe, and four per cent by the United States.

COL. FREMONT.—It will appear from the following in the San Francisco Herald that Col. Fremont is so ungrateful as not to care whether Lincoln is "voted up or voted down."

"Despatches to yesterday evening papers state that on the arrival of Col. Fremont at Los Angeles, 15 guns were fired in honor. A delegation from the Republican Club waited upon him, but he expressed his determination not to take any active part in the Presidential canvass."

County Treasurer.

Our Republican fellow citizens are in trouble. The bell wethers and fagmen want to nominate some Democrat who will pledge himself to give his official advertising to the Republican organ, and aid Republicans to obtain possession of all the County offices. Another class, principally Bouthites, Nullifiers, &c., desire a straight-out like Mr. ZIMMERMAN of Ellington nominated. A third class object to him because, as they say, like Carl Schurz, he is opposed to the use of the Bible in Common Schools, and hostile to what is commonly termed "Sunday Laws," and such views disturb Puritanic notions. In other words, the men whose forefathers tolerated "free speech," &c., by hanging, burning or drowning witches, cutting off the ears of Quakers, and banishing Baptists, haven't forgot the teachings of childhood. So they are looking for a third candidate. Of course, they don't want an old settler, else they would take the Editor of the Monitor, who was born at Green Bay in 1828; Mayor BATESMAN, some fourteen or fifteen years a resident of Wisconsin, and one of the Pioneers of Appleton; JOHN EASTON, of Hortonville, because he is always in hot water about outside arrangements. Therefore, they will have to hunt out the last man from New England, who has the latest and freshest ideas of Shanghaiism fresh from the fount of Dartmouth, Samner and Wilson, with sufficient of the Banks absorption theory to exercise his influence to put down the Foreign Born and elevate the Negro, and sufficient hypocrisy to condemn the Booth-A. D. Smith Creed, while laboring diligently to establish and perpetuate it.

Judge Larabee's Speech at Appleton is thus alluded to by the Editor of the Oshkosh Courier, who was present:

"Judge LARABEE made the speech of the evening. It lasted over two hours, and we never saw any audience listen with such patient interest to so long a speech. It went into a closely logical and historical argument, to prove the un-soundness of the republican doctrine of the right and duty of Congress to legislate on the local affairs of the territories; and to establish the democratic doctrine of popular sovereignty, or the right of the people of the territories to make their own laws, and regulate their domestic affairs to suit their own wishes and necessities. In this speech, Judge Larabee displayed, not only ability as an orator, but a correct conception of the principles upon which our government is founded, as well as a profound knowledge of the history of political parties, from the organization of the government down to the present time. A small portion of his speech was devoted to defending himself against the personal assaults of the republicans in this district. He made short work of that matter, and vindicated his official acts and speeches in a way at once satisfactory to his audience, and creditable to himself. In all this prolonged effort, there was an entire absence of clap-trap, bombast, and story telling; it was nothing but close reasoned logical argument, and statements of facts backed up by history, that told the truth, and figures that didn't lie. Its good effect upon the audience was unmistakably visible, for at the close, and after the applause had somewhat subsided, more than a republican stepped up to the platform and congratulated the speaker upon the able and successful effort he had made."

Judge Larabee is performing a vast amount of labor, both physically and intellectual, in this canvass. He is speaking every day, and sometimes twice a day, and every speech tells. There is no doubt whatever of his triumphant re-election by a majority at least double that of two years ago.

Proceedings of the Appleton Teacher's Institute for 1860.

This session of the Institute was opened on the evening of the 8th Oct. in the College Chapel.

Prof. H. Pomroy was called to the Chair. In behalf of the Board of Regents of Normal Instruction, Messrs J. B. Pratt, Editor of the Wisconsin Journal of Education, and Prof. J. C. Pickard, were present.

The Rev. Mr. Pratt delivered an address showing the necessity of an union to work between the head of our Educational System, the State Superintendent, and his hands, the town Superintendents and district boards.

The next session was held in the Second Ward Schoolhouse, sixty-two teachers of Appleton and vicinity and students of Lawrence University enrolling their names.

An exercise in Arithmetic was conducted by Mr. Pratt, and an exercise in spelling by Mr. Pickard. The latter exercise was conducted in a novel manner and caused much amusement.

The afternoon session was brief, the Institute adjourning at 3 P. M. for the purpose of attending an absorbing political gathering in the place.

The morning session of the 10th was occupied by exercises and discussions relating to arithmetic, reading, and spelling, by extemporaneous instruction in these subjects by Messrs. Pratt and Pickard, and by the latter in the method of conducting general school exercises and the means of promoting order.

It was voted that Messrs. Pomroy, B. K. Seaman, and J. Fuller be a committee to prepare resolutions for discussion during the evening session, and that Messrs. Griffith, Douglas and Lamb be a general committee on resolutions.

Voted to adjourn till 7 1/2 P. M. to allow the Institute to hear the address of Pres. R. Z. Mason before the first meeting of the Outagamie County Agricultural Society.

S. NEWELL GRIFFITH, Sec'y.

More Rascality.

Hastings & Co. are selling forfeited State Lands without even requiring the payment of any per centage on the price. All they require is the payment of interest until the first of January, AND THEIR FEES! It is the fees the Shanghai are after. They are not caring about adding money to the School, Drainage or Normal Institute Funds.

CHANGE OF PASTORS.—We learn that Rev. John N. Pfeiffer has succeeded Rev. Mr. De Beke as Catholic Pastor in this village. He will also have under his care the Missions of Manitowish Rapids, Maple Grove, Cedar, Meme, and for the present, Two Rivers. He is a gentleman of fine talents, and comes highly recommended for his piety and learning.—Manitowish Pilot.

The imports of foreign merchandise at New York for August, were \$25,800,000, against \$24,300,000 last year.

Hon. H. T. Elliott, one of the Breckenridge electors at large in Mississippi, has declined.

The Supreme Court of New York city has affirmed the decision of the lower court against German Sunday theatricals.

Pennsylvania Election.

The result is as we predicted in our last, altho' the Democratic gain in Philadelphia is tremendous, and the Opposition majority in the State is less than half as great as at any election for years. At the State election in '56, the Opposition was split and ran two State tickets, the united vote exceeding the Democratic Vote over twenty thousand; in 1858, the Opposition majority on Congressmen was over thirty-one thousand; in 1859, the Opposition majority on State Officers was cut down to a little over eighteen thousand; and now, in 1860, after spending half a million of dollars, they only beat us twelve thousand. We can upset that in November.

Ohio Election. Tremendous Democratic Gain.

The Ohio State Election resulted of course in the election of a Republican Nullification Supreme Judge, and the other State officers; but the Democrats reduced the opposition majority, over fifty thousand in comparison with the Presidential Vote of 1856, and gain two Congressmen. Well done, Ohio!

Indiana Election.

Indiana elects the Opposition ticket, owing to the split among the Democrats, and the support given by the Bell men to the Shanghai ticket. The result is no indication of the probable result in November, because the Bell men of Indiana will not vote for Lincoln in any event.

New Orleans, Oct. 5.

This part of the country was visited on Wednesday last by the most severe storm which has been witnessed here for years. In this city the walls of a building fell, killing two persons; 20 coal boats were swamped, involving a loss of \$150,000; the back portion of the city was swamped; 11 miles of the Jackson railway was washed off, and a large number of houses along the line of the road, were swept away, by which several lives were lost.

The damage on the river is heavy; steamboats were blown ashore, and others sunk; from 35 to 40 sugar houses were blown down, and the sugar crops greatly injured.

A despatch from Baton Rouge reports 21 coal boats swamped, and four steamboats sunk.

The officers of the slave bark, Owen, were sentenced to-day for being engaged in the slave trade, in the United States District Court, as follows: Thomas Morgan, part owner and commander at the time of her capture, was fined \$2,000, and to be imprisoned for 2 years. Byron J. Chamberlain, first mate, was sentenced to two years imprisonment in jail. Wm. Duhamel, imprisoned for 21 months in jail.

In Sept. 1856, the republican majority for Governor in Maine was twenty-five thousand, and in November for President 28,000. This year, on a largely increased vote, the majority is only 17,000!

E. L. Browne of Wyanema, is the Republican candidate for Senator in that district. L. L. Soule, of Watouma, is his Democratic opponent.

The expenditures of the United States postoffice for the past year were over \$15,000,000, and the revenue less than \$8,000,000, leaving a deficit of about \$7,000,000.

Miss Lane, the niece of Pres. Buchanan, declined going to New York to do homage to the Prince of Wales saying that she would see the young man in Washington.

We have never seen apples so plenty in this market as they are this season.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Judge Larabee's Appointments.

CHARLES H. LARABEE, Judge of the District Court, in the Third District, will address the people on the following dates and places. It is requested that the Democratic Committee of each locality will give ample notice of the time and place of meeting.

Albany, Oct. 10, 8 P. M.
Bellevue, Oct. 11, 8 P. M.
Bellevue, Oct. 12, 8 P. M.
Bellevue, Oct. 13, 8 P. M.
Bellevue, Oct. 14, 8 P. M.
Bellevue, Oct. 15, 8 P. M.
Bellevue, Oct. 16, 8 P. M.
Bellevue, Oct. 17, 8 P. M.
Bellevue, Oct. 18, 8 P. M.
Bellevue, Oct. 19, 8 P. M.
Bellevue, Oct. 20, 8 P. M.
Bellevue, Oct. 21, 8 P. M.
Bellevue, Oct. 22, 8 P. M.
Bellevue, Oct. 23, 8 P. M.
Bellevue, Oct. 24, 8 P. M.
Bellevue, Oct. 25, 8 P. M.
Bellevue, Oct. 26, 8 P. M.
Bellevue, Oct. 27, 8 P. M.
Bellevue, Oct. 28, 8 P. M.
Bellevue, Oct. 29, 8 P. M.
Bellevue, Oct. 30, 8 P. M.
Bellevue, Oct. 31, 8 P. M.

1860. NEW STOCK OF BOOTS & SHOES, UNUSUAL ATTRACTIONS

For the Ladies and Gentlemen of Outagamie Co. AT THE

Badger Boot and Shoe Shop of F. R. FRANKLIN, No. 4, POST OFFICE BLOCK, Appleton.

Orders promptly filled

WANTED: GRASS SEED; PEOPLE'S EXCHANGE.

1860. THE SLENDOR UPPER CABIN, FAST SAILING STEAMER, BERLIN CITY, JOHN LENOIR, Commanding.

Will ply regularly between OSHKOSH & GREEN Bay, leaving Appleton for Green Bay and intermediate ports every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 12 o'clock noon. Returning, will leave for Oshkosh every alternate day, at 12 o'clock noon. For freight or passage apply on board.

EYE AND EAR. DR. F. A. CADWELL, OPERATOR ON THE EYE AND EAR.

For Deafness, Blindness, and All Defects of Sight and Hearing.

DR. CADWELL is a regular Physician, with TWENTY years' experience in the treatment of diseases of the EYE AND EAR, will be found fully qualified to give relief or effect a cure in any case with the least risk or injury.

He charges for an examination or opinion, or for use of medicine, nothing. He charges for the use of his instruments, \$5.00 per session. He charges for the use of his instruments, \$5.00 per session. He charges for the use of his instruments, \$5.00 per session.

The Illuminations of Tuesday night

were very general on the part of the Republicans. Some houses presented a very beautiful appearance. We think the most beautiful were on Lawrence Street. Everything passed off pleasantly; the only disturbances we heard of being created by a few Shanghaiers from out of the County who had imbibed too much "fire-water."

COUNTY CANDIDATES.

The list for nominating candidates for County Officers will be as follows: For a member of the CRICKET, Dr. Butler, for one who is not a member, Dr. Butler—paid all day—in a house.

For Member of Assembly.

At the solicitation of numerous friends in different portions of the County, MILO COLLES, of Boynton, consents to the use of his name as a candidate for re-election, subject to the decision of the Democracy of Outagamie.

District Attorney.

I most respectfully announce myself as a candidate for the office of DISTRICT ATTORNEY, to be supported by many Democrats of OUTAGAMIE COUNTY.

District Attorney.

JOHN JEWETT, JR., of Appleton, will be supported for the office of District Attorney, subject to the Democratic Convention, by many Democrats of the town of Appleton.

County Treasurer.

As an improvement has gone abroad in the County that my name has been coupled with the office of County Treasurer, I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

County Treasurer.

IN ORDER TO KEEP PACE WITH THE TIMES, I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

County Treasurer.

PATRICK H. O'BRIEN, of Freedom, hereby presents his name for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention.

To the Democracy of Outagamie Co.

The undersigned would recommend Mr. JOHN STEPHENS as a suitable candidate for County Treasurer at the next election, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

For Sheriff.

At the annual celebration of many Democrats of Outagamie County, held at Appleton, I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the action of the Democratic Nominating Convention. If successful, he will discharge the duties in person, and with strict fidelity.

For Sheriff.

I hereby announce myself to the Democracy of Outagamie as a candidate for the Sheriffship. If nominated and elected, I shall endeavor to prove by my official labors that my friends will not have cause to regret the confidence placed in me.

For Sheriff.

I hereby present my name for the County of Outagamie as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, subject to the decision of the County Convention.

For Clerk of the Court.

I hereby present my name for the County of Outagamie as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Court, subject to the decision of the County Convention.

Clerk Board Supervisors.

ROBERT L. BOYCE, of Kaukauna, long a resident of the County, and a consistent Democrat, hereby offers his name for the office of Clerk of the County Board of Supervisors, subject to the decision of the Democracy; and if elected, will discharge the duties with honesty and fidelity. KAUKAUNA.

Clerk of the Board of Supervisors.

The Democracy of Outagamie County will please consider me a candidate for the above office, subject to the decision of the approaching County Convention.

Strayed. Strayed.

Special Notices.

